of population based on the Census of 1933 gives an increase of 19.8 p.c. as against 22.0 p.c. for the period 1911-21 (Official Year Book of Australia, 1940, p. 519). Census figures for the United States show an increase of population of 14.9 p.c. between 1910-20 and 16.1 p.c. from 1920-30.

The eighth Census of Canada as of June 2, 1941, gives the population as 11,506,655 as compared with 10,376,786 as of June 1, 1931, an increase of 1,129,869 or 10.89 p.c. in the decade. During the greater part of this decade Canada along with all other countries was face to face with a prolonged and severe economic depression; immigration was still further restricted by government regulations as well as by economic necessity. The figures for immigrant arrivals were actually reduced from 1,166,004 in the ten-year period 1921-31 to 140,361 in 1931-41. The natural increase for this period showed a reduction of about 7 p.c. and, since immigration was reduced more than 88 p.c. over the decade, the net increase in population was due almost entirely to the still favourable birth and death rates of the established population.

## Section 1.—Census Statistics of General Population

Since the creation of the Dominion of Canada in 1867, decennial censuses have been taken as of the dates Apr. 2, 1871, Apr. 4, 1881, Apr. 5, 1891, Apr. 1, 1901, June 1, 1911, 1921, 1931 and June 2, 1941. Summary figures are given in Tables 1-4.

## 1.—Population of Canada, by Provinces and Territories, Census Years 1871-1941

Note.—The populations of the Prairie Provinces in 1906, 1916, 1926 and 1936, are shown at p. 147 of the 1937 Year Book. For intercensal estimated populations, see table at p. 128.

Province	1871	1881	1891	1901	1911	1921	1931	1941
or Territory		1001	1091	1901	1911	1921	1991	1941
P.E. Island	94,021	108,891	109,078	103,259	93,728	88,615	88,038	95,047
Nova Scotia	387,800	440,572	450,396	459,574	492,338	523,837	512,846	577,962
New Brunswick	285,594	321,233	321,263	331,120	351,889	387,876	408,219	457,401
Quebec	1,191,516	1,359,027	1,488,535	1,648,898	2,005,776 1	2,360,5102	2,874,662	3,331,882
Ontario	1,620,851	1,926,922	2,114,321	2,182,947	2,527,2921	2,933,662	3,431,683	3,787,655
Manitoba	25,228	62,260	152,506	255,211	461,3941	610,118	700,139	729,744
Saskatchewan				91,279	492,432	757,510	921,785	895,992
Alberta				73,022	374,2958	588,454	731,605	796, 169
British Columbia	36,247	49,459	98,173	178,657	392,480	524,582	694,263	817,861
Yukon				27,219	8,512	4,157	4,230	4,914
N.W.T.4	48,000	56,446	98,967	20,129	6,5071,	8,143	9,316	12,028
Canada	3,689,257	4,324,810	4,833,239	5,371,315	7,206,643	8,787,949 2	10,376,786	11,506,655

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Corrected as a result of the Boundaries Extension Acts, 1912. <sup>2</sup> Revised in accordance with the Labrador Award of the Privy Council, Mar. 1, 1927. The total for Canada includes 455 members of the Royal Canadian Navy who were recorded separately in 1921. <sup>3</sup> Corrected by transfer of population of Fort Smith (368) to the Northwest Territories. <sup>4</sup> The decreases shown in the population of the Northwest Territories since 1891 are due to the separation therefrom of vast areas to form Alberta, Saskatchewan and Yukon and to extend the boundaries of Quebec, Ontario and Manitoba.